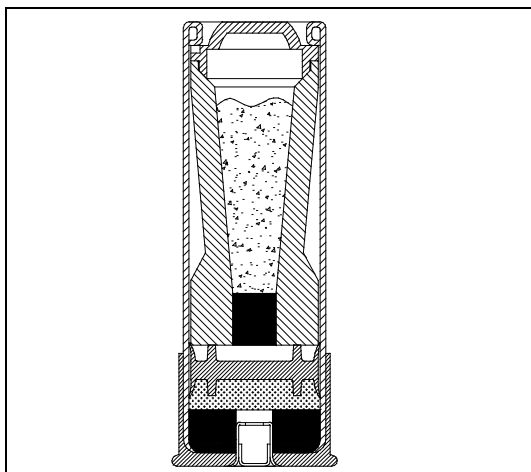


MODEL No.	DESCRIPTION:
2400	12GA Powder Projectile, Training
2420	12GA CN Powder Projectile
2430	12GA CS Powder Projectile
2440	12GA OC Powder Projectile

Revision C 5/17



NOT TO SCALE

WARNING: CSI manufactures a variety of CTS less lethal products which are under pressure, pyrotechnic, incendiary, emit projectiles, generate smoke, or are explosive in nature. When used in accordance with CTS training guidelines and the individual agency's policy, they are intended to cause varying degrees of pain and injury, which are temporary. These products are restricted to law enforcement, corrections, and military personnel and are used to gain compliance, disperse crowds, restore order, or temporarily incapacitate dangerous persons. In rare circumstances, CTS less-lethal products may cause damage to property, serious bodily injury or death. Therefore, any person using the force option depicted on this page should receive proper training to ensure the safest and most effective use.

PHYSICAL & OPERATIONAL	
Type	Barricade Penetrating Munitions
Caliber	12 GA
Weapon Compatibility	Cylinder Bore, 18" Barrel Minimum
Cartridge Length	2.40" (60.9mm)
Effective Range*	50 Yards (45 M)
Muzzle Velocity	650-750 ft./sec
Discharge Time	Instantaneous
Warranty	5 Years from Shipment Date

All specifications are average and are subject to change without notice.
All performance specifications are based on testing conducted in Jamestown, PA USA,
At an elevation of 1,058 feet above sea level at ambient temperature conditions.

SHIPPING INFORMATION	
Proper Shipping Name	Cartridges for Weapons, Inert Projectile
UN Number	0339 - 2400 0303- 2420,2430,2440
Hazard Class	1.4 C - 2400 -1.4G – 2420,2430,2440
Labels Required	Explosive
Quantity Per Package	5 Cartridges in Sealed Bag
Total Package Weight	30 lb.
Package Type	UN Specifications 1A2/Y36/S Metal Drum with Lever Lock Lid
Package Dimensions	19x12 (7 gal. drum)
Net Explosive Weight	.25 gm per unit

*Effectiveness is dependent upon the type of weapon, angle of impact, environmental conditions, and the type of the intermediate barrier. The greatest probability for penetration occurs when the projectile impacts 90° perpendicular to the intermediate barrier. General usage in tactical situations involves intermediate barriers, such as single pane exterior windows, non-tinted vehicle windows, and interior hollow core doors.

CAUTION: These less-lethal munitions are designed for specific tactical situations. One must be trained specifically in the deployment of barricade penetrating munitions and exercise extreme care and caution to minimize the possibility of this projectile striking a human opposite the barrier.